

REGIONAL CONSULTATIONS ON INTERNATIONAL TAX MATTERS

NOVEMBER 2022



SESSION 2 PILLAR ONE REGIONAL UPDATE



State of play on Amount A

137 IF members joined the October 2021 Statement on a Two-Pillar Solution, reflecting agreement on key features of Pillar One and Two

TFDE is rapidly advancing the work, including through release of multiple consultation documents (July & October Progress Reports)

TFDE is continuing the work on Amount A with a view to organise a signing ceremony for the MLC in the first half of 2023.



Continued support from IF & G20

- IF members expressed strong continued support for Pillar One at their October plenary meeting and emphasised the need to quickly finalise and deliver the MLC.
- Also continued support from G20 as expressed at the recent Finance Ministers meeting (12-13 October):
 - "We reaffirm our commitment to the swift implementation of the OECD/G20 two-pillar international tax package. We welcome the progress on Pillar One. ... We call on the OECD/G20 Inclusive Framework on Base Erosion and Profit Shifting (BEPS) to finalize Pillar One, including remaining issues and by signing the Multilateral Convention in the first half of 2023..."



Work of the TFDE since October 2021

- TFDE has significantly advanced technical work on Amount A under an intensive work schedule – with 70+ meeting days since October 2021.
 - Meetings were focused on translating the October Statement into substantive rules in the form of Model Rules for Domestic Legistlation.
 - Latest progress is reflected in the July & October Progress Reports.
 - TFDE will now turn its focus on developing the MLC and its Explanatory Statement.



JULY PROGRESS REPORT: CORE AMOUNT A RULES



- TFDE is currently considering all stakeholder input in its work to refine the rules and deliver the MLC.
- Overall, stakeholders:
 - Welcomed updated timeline for completing the work on Pillar One;
 - Emphasised the importance of stabilising the international tax framework (with strong support for withdrawal and standstill commitment for unilateral measures); and
 - Provided substantial technical feedback aimed at improving the design of the different building blocks, with questions on the ability of specific features to achieve their intended objective.



Public consultation – July Progress Report

Specific comments (I)

Building block	Key requests & comments by stakeholders
Main scope provisions	 Additional exclusion for domestic oriented businesses; Averaging on permanent basis and applied to revenues & profitability.
Extractives Exclusion	 Exceptional segmentation rule should not apply; Expand the definition of Primary Processing and excluded commodities; Support for transition period, with request for technical corrections.
Regulated Financial Services Exclusion	 Technical clarifications of the definition & additional simplification measures for applying the rule; Strong support for exclusion of reinsurance and asset management.
Exceptional segmentation rule	 Broad support for the proposal to limit segmentation to Disclosed Segments only; Call for simplifications to limit use of complex bespoke data; Further clarifications on transitional issues
Nexus & Revenue Sourcing Rules	 More specific guidance and guidance should be binding; Components: ongoing questions about policy and administrability; Support for transition phase and call for extension.



Public consultation – July Progress Report

Specific comments (II)

Building block	Key requests & comments by stakeholders
Allocation Tax Base	Divergent views on the treatment of profits attributable to non-controlling interests;
	 Suggestions for multiple new adjustments and requests to remove some existing adjustments (or make them elective);
	 Longer loss carry-forward time limitations;
Marketing and Distribution Profits Safe Harbour (MDSH)	• Questions about the RODP-based metric to differentiate routine/non-routine profit
	 Concerns about the offset percentage (Y%)
	 Questions about the relevance of a "de minimis" threshold
Withholding taxes (WHTs)	 Divergent views: Business support for taking into consideration WHTs for the purpose of eliminating and preventing double counting, but another group suggesting not taking WHTs into account
Elimination of double taxation	 Questions about the complexity of the multi-tier framework, incl. use of RODP metri to identify jurisdictions in which multinationals earn residual profits
	Support for the concept of a de minimis rule
	Support for the exemption method
	Support for a backstop mechanism to ensure full relief from double taxation



OCTOBER PROGRESS REPORT: ADMINISTRATION & TAX CERTAINTY



- October Progress Report released on 6 October at IF plenary meeting and comments were due 11 November
- Contains building blocks not covered in the July Report:
 - Administration of Amount A
 - Tax Certainty Framework for Amount A
 - Tax Certainty for Issues Related to Amount A
- Secretariat is currently analysing stakeholders' comments



Administration - overview

- The Progress Report aims to consult on broad framework for the administration of Amount A.
- Under the current framework, jurisdictions will be able to selfdetermine how to tax Amount A income and give double taxation relief, subject to guardrails outlined in the Model Rules and the Multilateral Convention.
- Streamlined and harmonised tax filing rules are provided in the Model Rules to allow entities to meet their income tax obligations through the centrally filed Amount A Tax Return.



Administration – outstanding Issues

Key open issues within the public consultation:

- 1. The identification of the entity or entities that will be liable to tax on Amount A
- 2. Suspension of payment during the Amount A certainty process
- 3. Provision of timely double taxation relief (back-stop rule)



Tax certainty - overview

- Tax Certainty is an integral part of Amount A
- October Statement: "In-scope MNEs will benefit from dispute prevention and resolution mechanisms, which will avoid double taxation for Amount A, including all issues related to Amount A (e.g. transfer pricing and business profits disputes), in a mandatory and binding manner...."
- Binding certainty for Amount A provided by a **new innovative Tax Certainty Framework**
- For issues related to Amount A: mandatory binding dispute resolution (elective for certain developing countries) supplements MAP to ensure tax certainty
- Outcome of dispute resolution mechanism will then be incorporated in Amount A filings.



Tax certainty – outstanding issues

Key open issues regarding the Tax Certainty Framework for Amount A:

1. Composition of the Determination Panel

Key open issues regarding Tax Certainty for Issues Related to Amount A:

- Definition of "Related Issue"
- Materiality threshold
- 3. Scope Reservations
- 4. Costs of Procedure
- 5. Panel composition



SUMMARY AMOUNT A



Status of MLC drafting process

The TFDE has already translated a significant number of building blocks and will complete translation for the majority of building blocks by the end of the year

MLC provisions / ES text drafted

Scope: Main Provisions

Scope: Regulated Financial Services Exclusion

Nexus & Revenue Sourcing

Tax Base Determination

DSTs and other relevant similar measures

Tax Certainty for Issues Related to Amount A

Blocks being translated

Scheduled for end of 2022

Scope: Extractives Exclusion

Scope: Segmentation

Blocks under discussion by SGIF

Scheduled for start of 2023

Tax Certainty for Amount A

Administration

Profit Allocation (MDSH + WHT) + interaction with EODT

MLC specific issues (e.g. Critical Mass / 7-year review)



AMOUNT B



AMOUNT B - RECAP & CONTEXT

- October's Inclusive Framework Statement:
 - "The application of the arm's length principle to in-country baseline marketing and distribution activities will be <u>simplified and streamlined</u>, with a particular <u>focus on the needs of low-capacity countries</u>."
- Recall of the Amount B objectives:
 - Streamlining the application of the ALP to baseline distributors, saving time and resources both for the taxpayer and the tax administrations;
 - Providing greater certainty in transfer pricing for baseline distributors;
 - Addressing the challenges faced by Low Capacity Jurisdictions which do not have access to local comparables



AMOUNT B - SCOPE

Baseline Marketing and Distribution Activities (BMDA)

- Buy/sell arrangements
- Predominantly wholesale distribution
- Predominantly in-country distribution

- No ownership of IP nor DEMPE
- No R&D nor manufacturing
- No technical or specialized services



definition

Definition of BMDA in the current draft is **stable**



retailing & crossborder sales

Allowed on a *de minimis* basis with discussion focused on percentage ([15]% revenue)

Exclusion of extractives industry



commissionaires

Allowed to the extent that they exhibit

economically relevant characteristics



in practice

- Contract
- Qualitative information
- Quantitative information
- Substance over form



AMOUNT B - PRICING

Designing Amount B pricing requires three steps





Identify wholesale independent distributors in Orbis

- Filtering Orbis through industry codes; independency indicator; availability of information
- Filtering criteria broadly stable at WP6/FTA



Applying scoping criteria to target BMDA

- No R&D; no manufacturing; no ownership of IP
- Filtering criteria broadly stable at WP6/FTA

Derive arm's length ranges of operating margins

- Taking account of taxpayers' relevant economic features e.g. industry or region
- Tentative conclusions



AMOUNT B - PROGRESS AND NEXT STEPS

The WP6/FTA MAP
Forum has been
meeting at an
increased pace to
achieve the design of
Amount B as per the
October statement.

The Secretariat has produced a draft public consultation document to be released in December 2022, pending approval

October 2021

Statement on a Two-Pillar Solution

An Advisory Group
has been set up to
work on the data and
the pricing
methodology. It
regularly reports to
the plenary joint
meeting.

The SGIF endorsed the draft public consulation document for escalation to the IF

December 2022

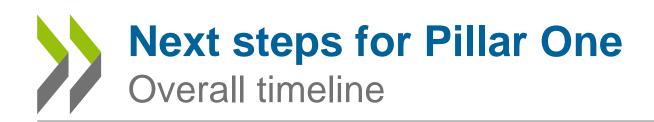
First public consultation on Amount B



NEXT STEPS FOR PILLAR ONE



- IF will continue public consultation process to gather stakeholder input.
- Consultation document on unilateral measures to be released in December 2022.
- Consultation document on Amount B to be released in December 2022.



2022 2023 2024 End of 2022: October 2022: Consultation on First half of 2023: 2024: DSTs & other Consultation on **Progress Report** relevant similar Signing ceremony of MLC Entry into force of Admin/Tax measures Completion work on Amount B Amount A Certainty Consultation on Amount B Implementation of Amount A (MLC ratification, domestic implementation, entry into **Amount A:** TFDE to complete the provisions of MLC force...) Implementation of Amount B **Amount B:** Completing work



ANNEX



The Administrative Process

Amount A Tax Return and Common Documentation Package based on a common format is submitted to LTA within [12] months of the end of the Period

The LTA exchanges the Amount A Tax Return and Common Documentation Package with Affected Parties within [15] months after the end of the Period

Liable Entity does not have a Taxable Presence in the Market Jurisdiction

Liable Entity has a Taxable Presence in the Market Jurisdiction, or Entity is claiming double tax relief in Relieving Jurisdiction

The Amount A Tax Return is accepted as the local tax return in the market jurisdiction

Liable entity includes its Amount A income its local tax return and pays tax by its usual payment deadline. The Amount A Tax Return is for information purposes.

Liable entity pays tax in the market jurisdiction within [18] months of the end of the Period

Relief for double taxation is provided in accordance with the Relieving Jurisdiction's tax rules within [x] months of the end of the Period



A Tax Certainty Framework for Amount A

Scope Certainty

- Provides Group with certainty it is out of scope for a Period
- Likely to be particularly important where a group has excluded revenues
- Simplified follow-up process for Extractives/RFS Groups

Advance Certainty

- Early certainty where Groups most likely to require new methodologies / systems
- Focus on revenue sourcing and excluded revenues
- Certainty provided for a number of years, subject to critical assumptions

Comprehensive Certainty

- Covers all aspects of Amount
 A that do not already benefit
 from Advance Certainty
- Transition period including flexible rules and a soft landing for a limited, defined period

Determination Panel

- Relevant tax administrations have the opportunity to review and object to the outcomes of the review
- Unresolved disagreements are referred to a Determination Panel for a final outcome
- Determination Panel composition is a key outstanding issue in the Progress Report



Tax Certainty for Issues Related to Amount A

MAP stage **Step 1.** Taxpayer submits MAP request

Standalone MAP provision – access to MAP,

implementation, roll-forward where CAs agree

Step 2. Taxpayer submits dispute Resolution request if MAP unresolved for 2 years

Rules to determine 2-year period, no delays

Step 3. CAs agree terms of reference for Panel, appoint members of Panel and submit proposed resolutions to Panel

Step 4. Panel chooses from among proposed resolutions (last best offer resolution)

Panel has access to taxpayer views in MAP request

Step 5. CAs conclude mutual agreement reflecting chosen outcome

Roll-forward where CAs agree

Absence of bilateral treaty?

Definition of "Related Issue"

Materiality threshold

Scope Reservations

Costs of procedure

Panel composition

Elective binding mechanism

Developing countries, not OECD/G-20 members, no negative peer input, no/low levels of MAP

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THANK YOU

For more information:

Contact us by e-mail: ctp.contact@oecd.org

Wisit our public website: www.oecd.org/tax

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